



ONOS with YANG & P4 Runtime

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- ONOS Introduction & Architecture
- ONOS Newest Feature
 - YANG & Dynamic Configuration
 - P4 Runtime support
- ONOS Official Community & 中文社区



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- ONOS Newest Feature
 - **YANG & Dynamic Configuration**
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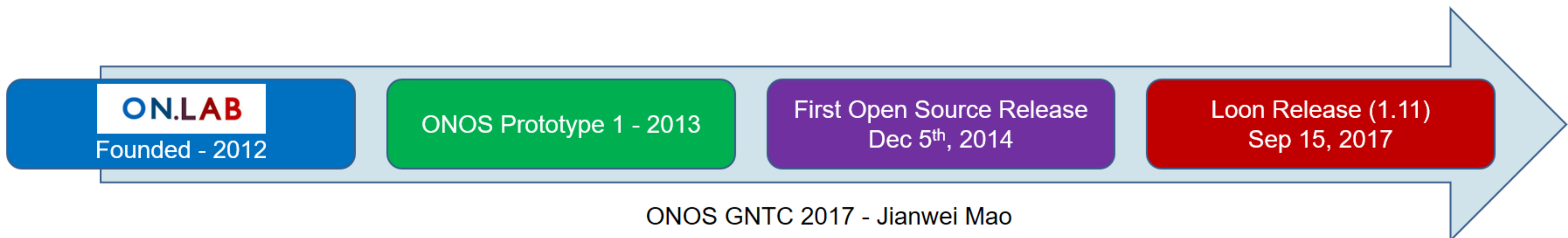
ONOS Overview

- ONOS: Open Network Operating System
 - Open source SDN network operating system
 - Objective: enable **Service Providers** to build real SDN/NFV solutions



ONOS Overview

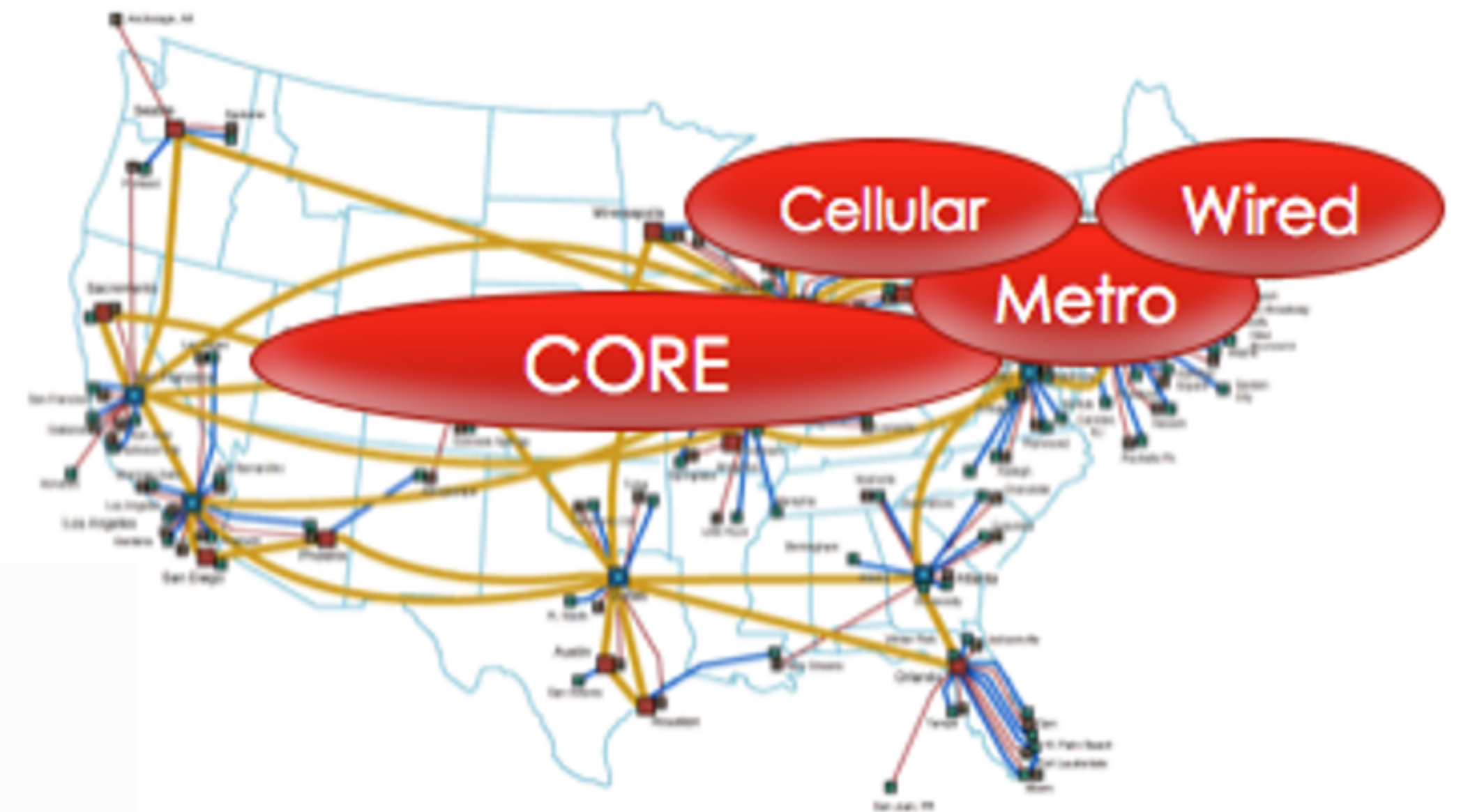
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Service Provider Networks



- WAN core backbone
 - Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS) with Traffic Engineering (TE)
 - *200-500 routers, 5-10K ports*
- Metro Networks
 - Metro cores for access networks
 - *10-50K routers, 2-3M ports*
- Cellular Access Networks
 - LTE for a metro area
 - *20-100K devices, 100K-100M ports*
- Wired access / aggregation
 - Access network for homes; DSL/Cable
 - *10-50K devices, 100K-1M ports*



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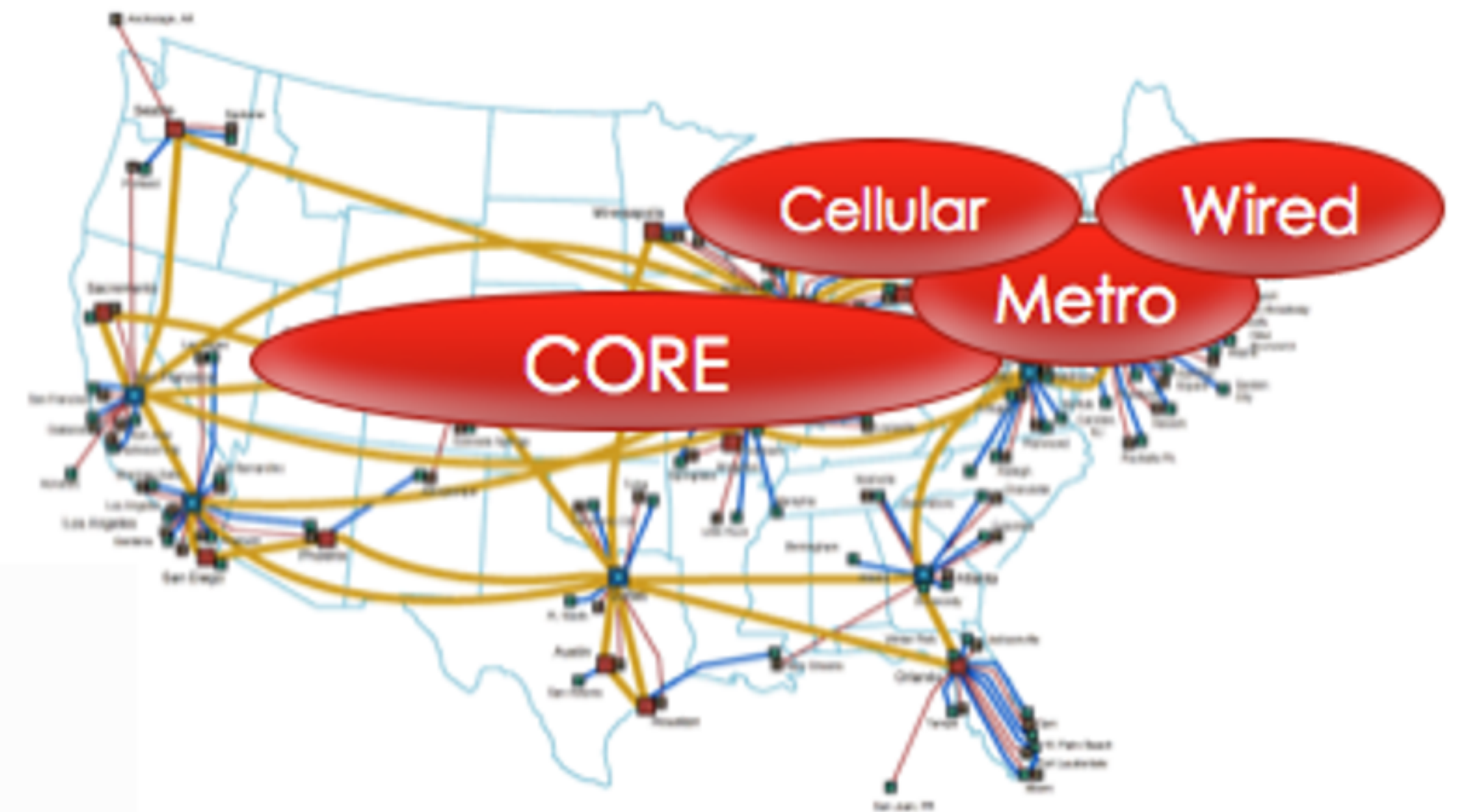
- ONOS: Open Network Operating System
 - Open source SDN network operating system
 - Objective: enable **Service Providers** to build real SDN/NFV solutions
 - Design Tenets:
 - **High -Availability, -Scalability and -Performance**
 - Required to sustain demands of service provider & enterprise networks
 - **Strong abstractions and simplicity**
 - Required for development of apps and solutions
 - **Protocol and device behavior independence**
 - Avoid contouring and deformation due to protocol specifics
 - **Separation of concerns and modularity**
 - Allow tailoring and customization without specializing the code-base



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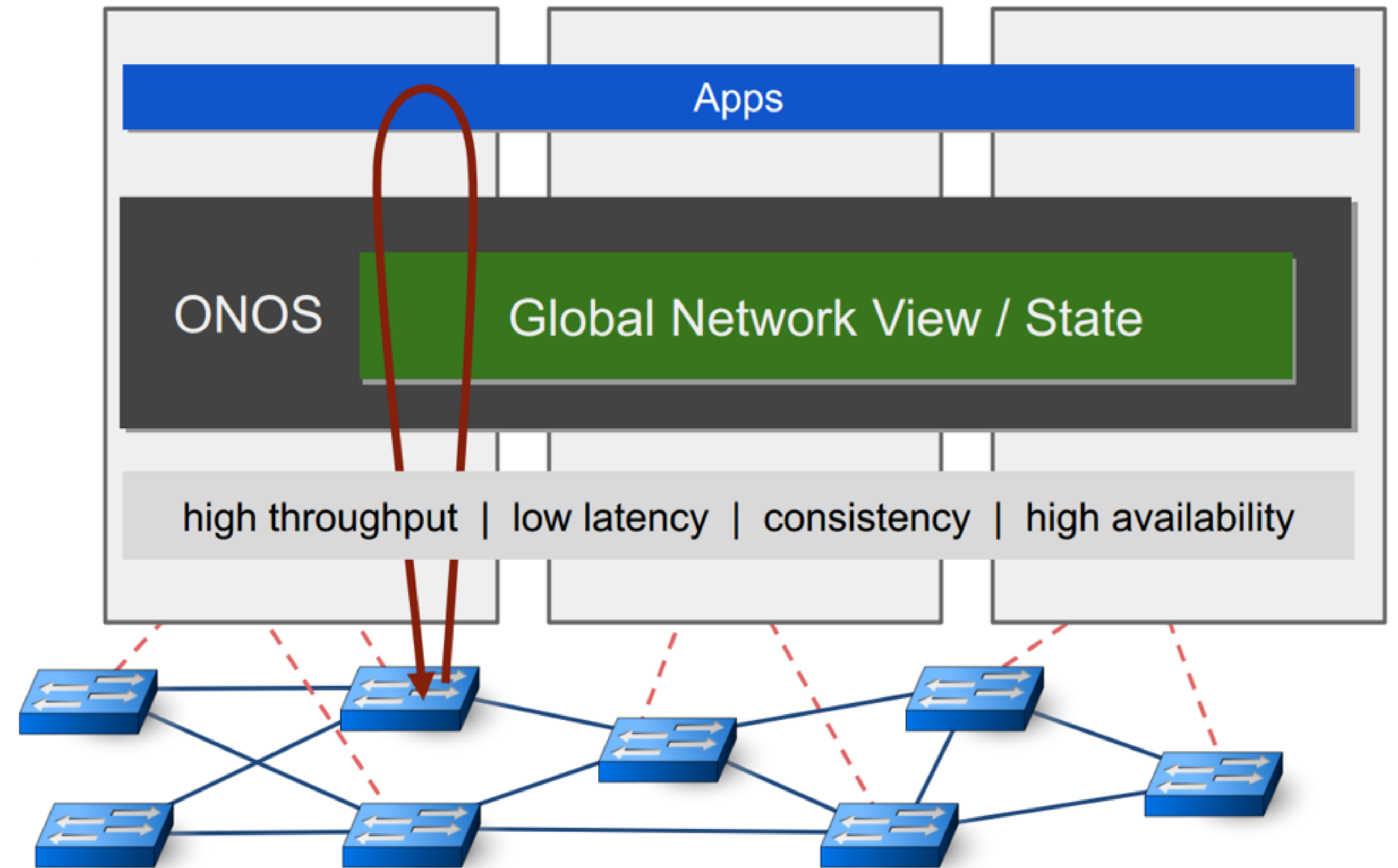
ONOS Architecture (1/6)



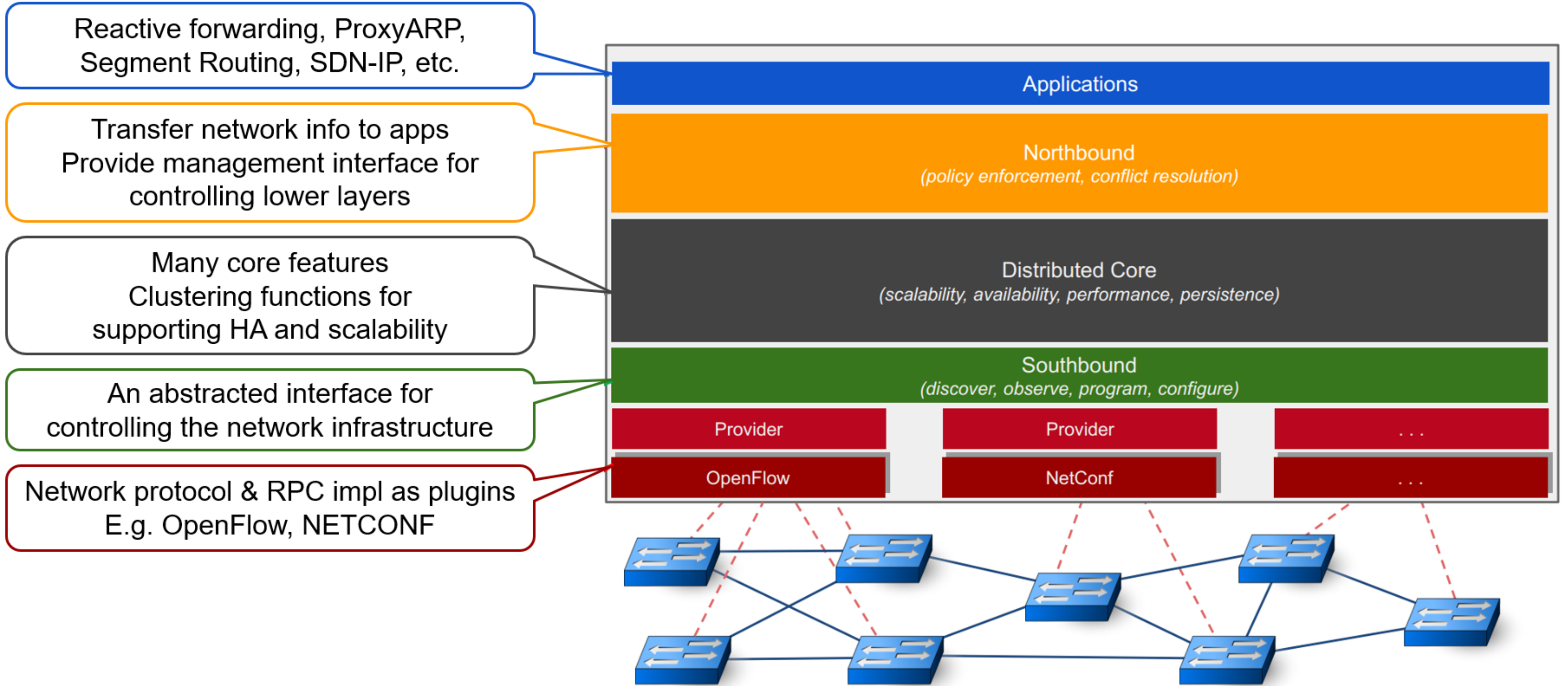
Key Performance Requirements

- High Throughput
 - 500K - 1M paths setups/s
 - 3 - 6M network state operations/s
- High Volume
 - 500GB - 1TB of network state data

Challenging !



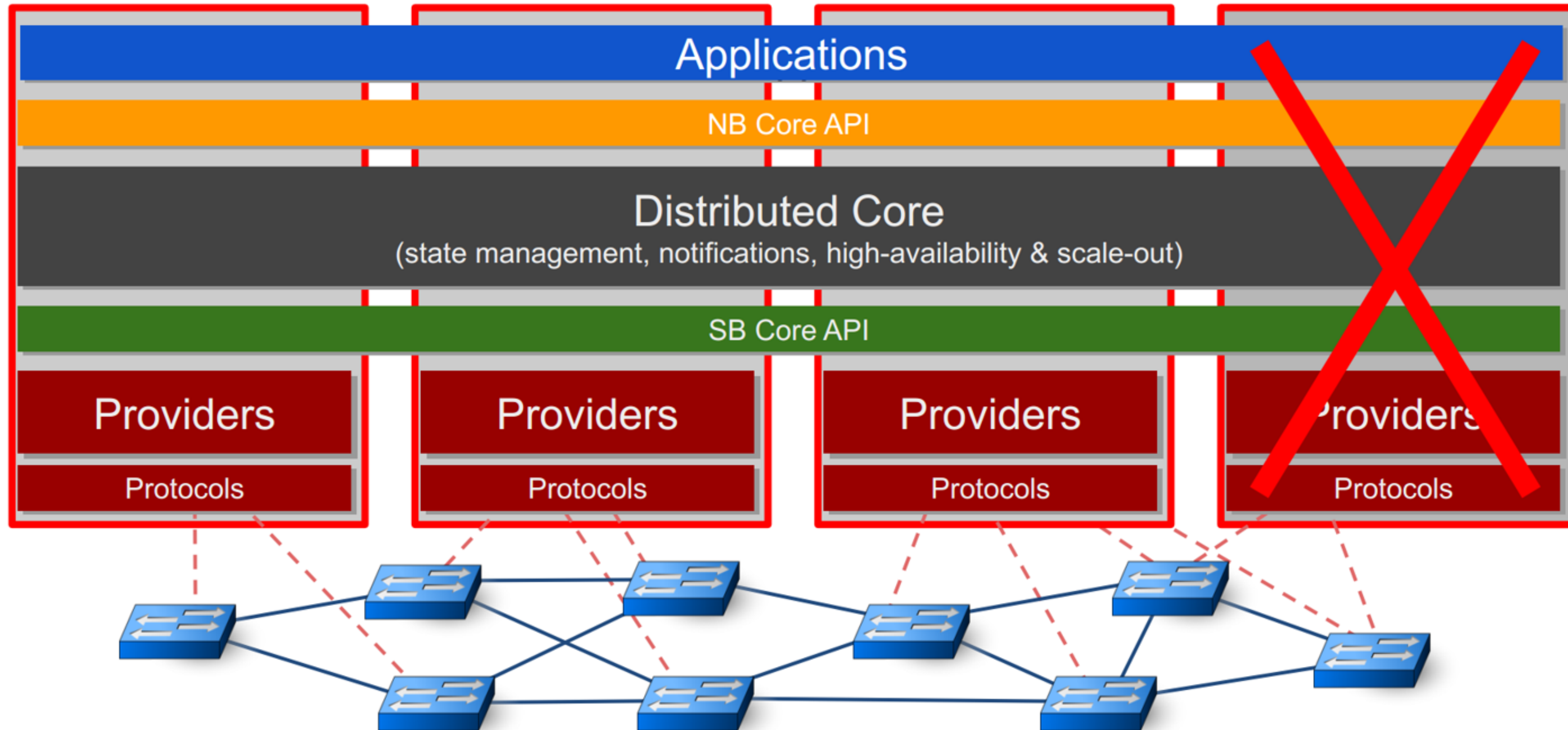
ONOS Architecture (2/6)



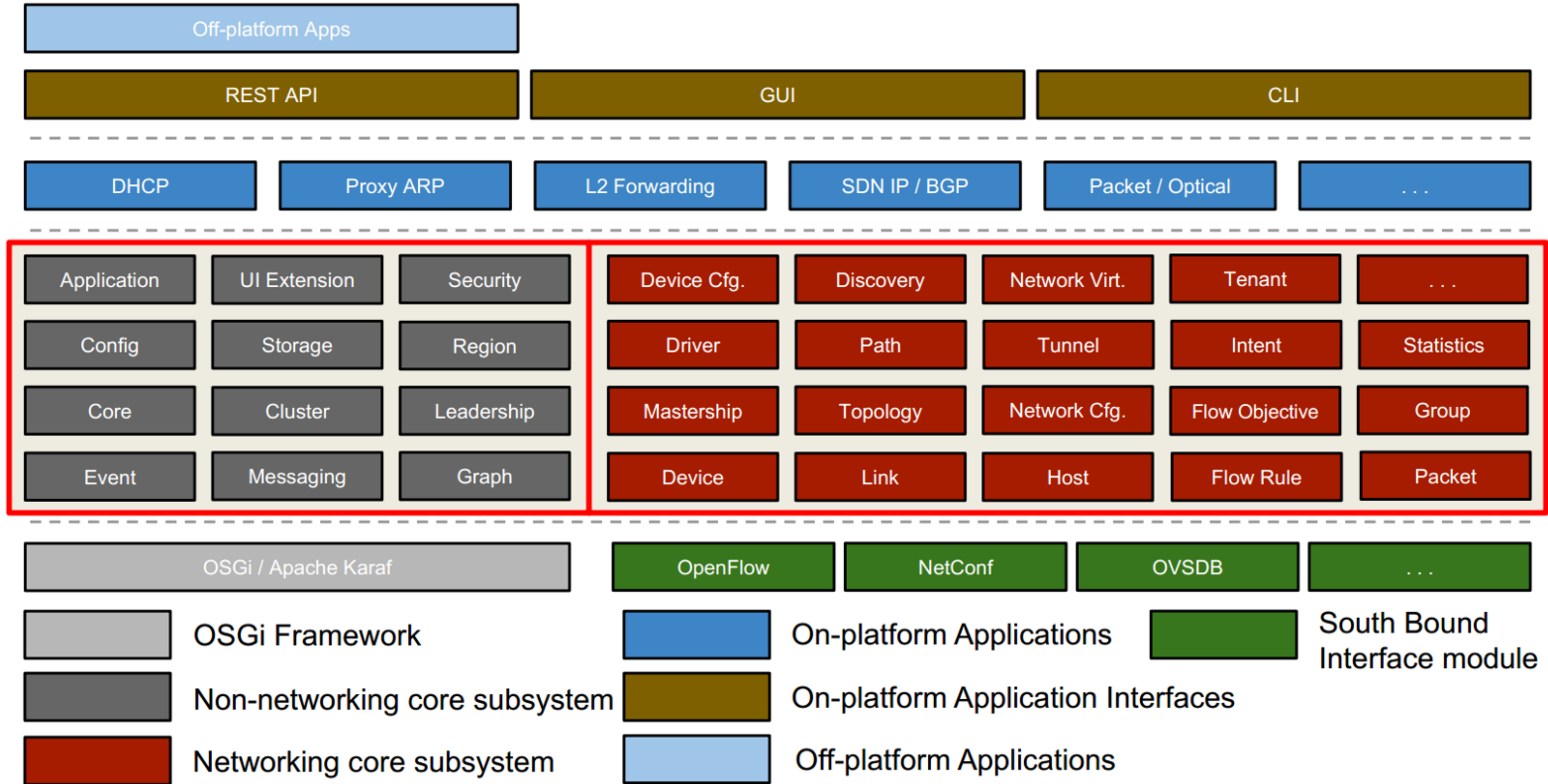
ONOS Architecture (3/6)



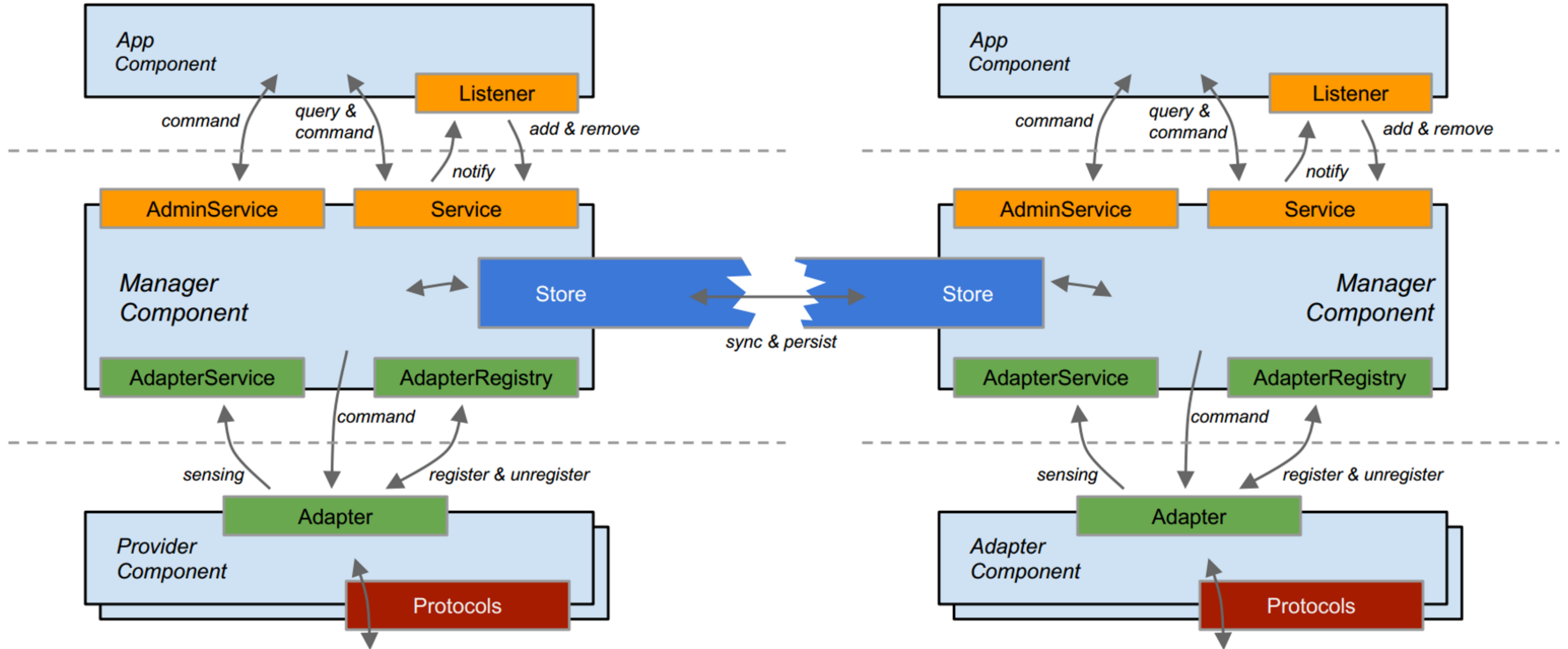
- Distributed Core Features
 - High Availability (HA)
 - Load Balancing (LB)



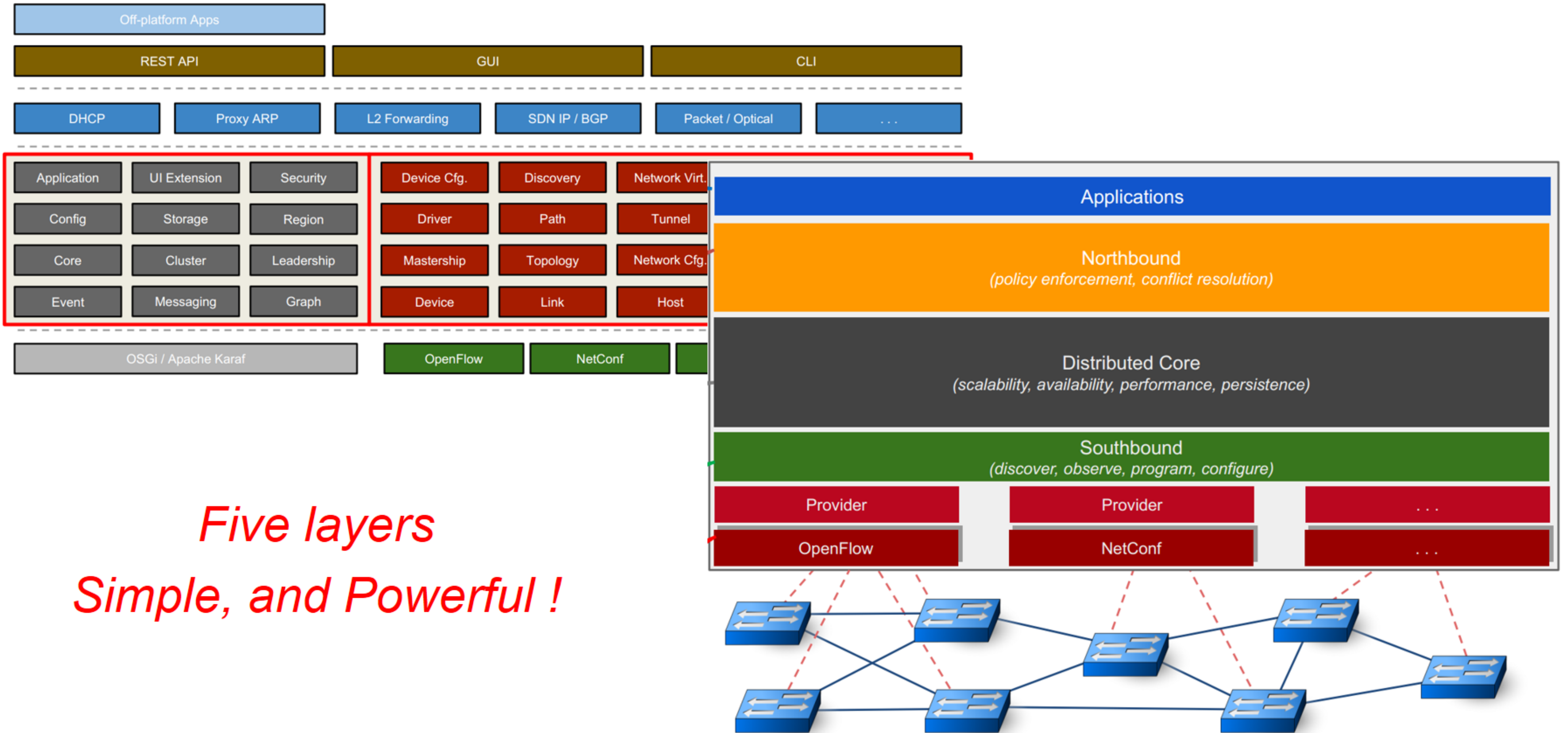
ONOS Architecture (4/6) - Subsystems



ONOS Architecture (5/6)



ONOS Architecture (6/6) - Subsystems



Five layers

Simple, and Powerful !

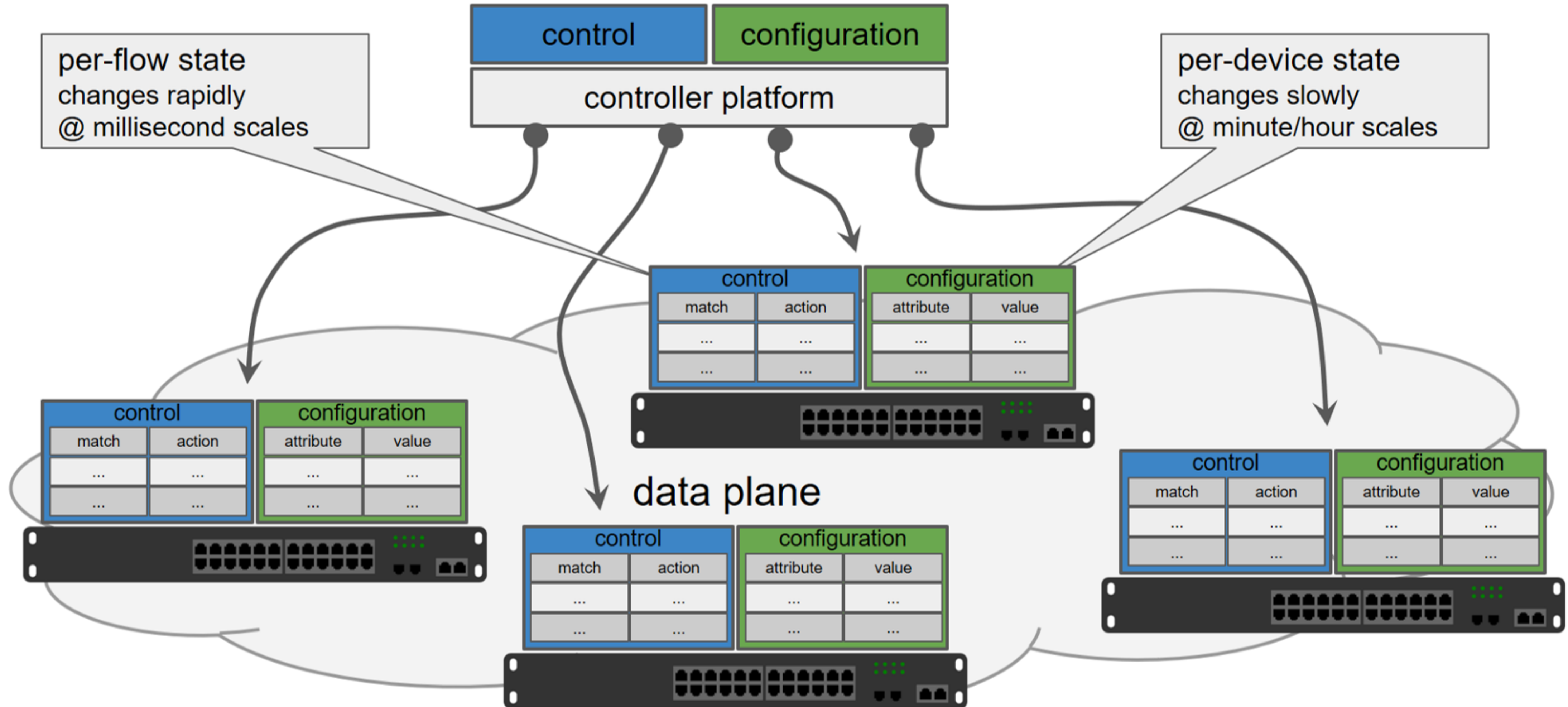


YANG Support & Dynamic Configuration Subsystem

Dynamic Configuration & YANG



- What is Dynamic Configuration?





Why we need it? → ONOS can support legacy devices now!

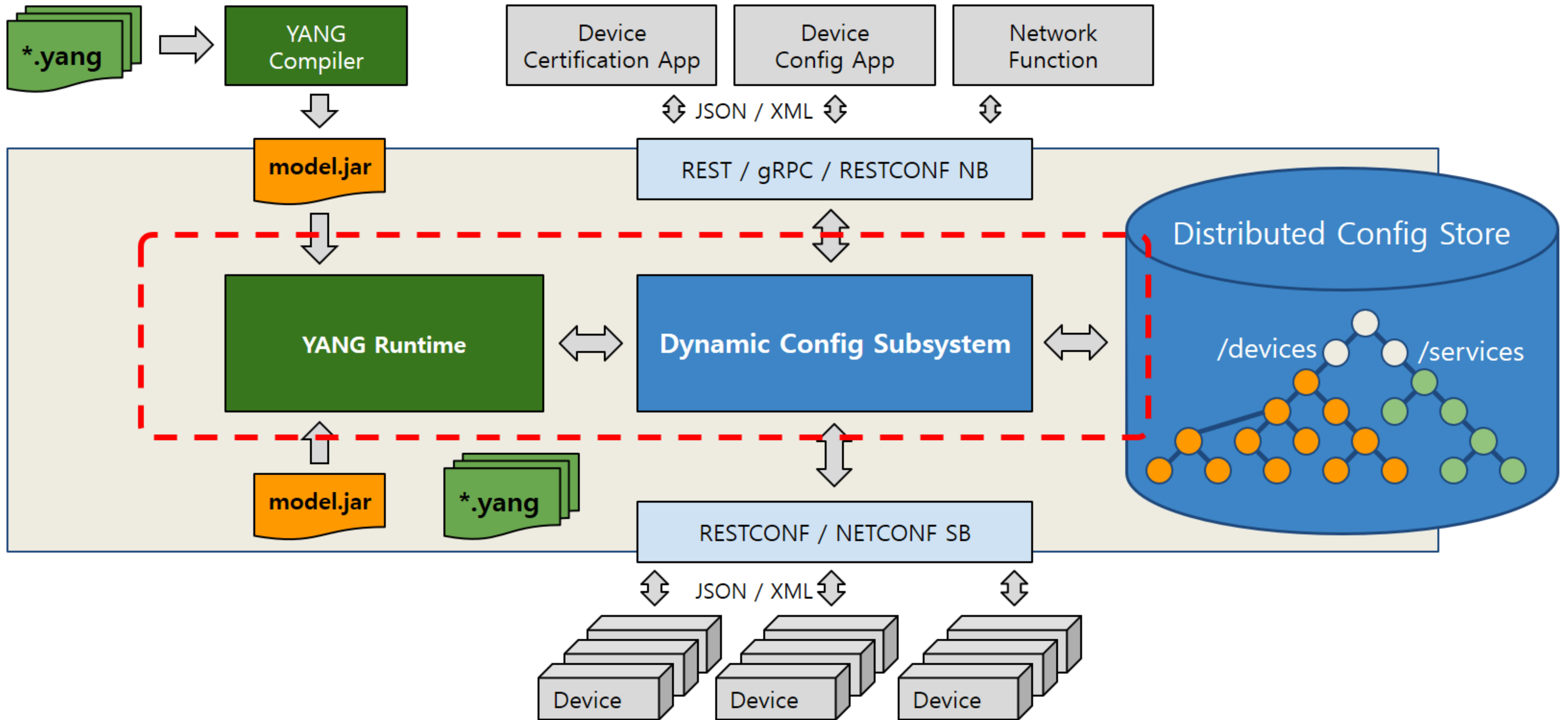
- Before, ONOS regarded as a pure SDN solution for **white-box** switches
 - OpenFlow, OVSDB
- Now, ONOS can cover **legacy devices!**
 - YANG, NETCONF, RestConf
 - Dynamic Configuration Subsystem



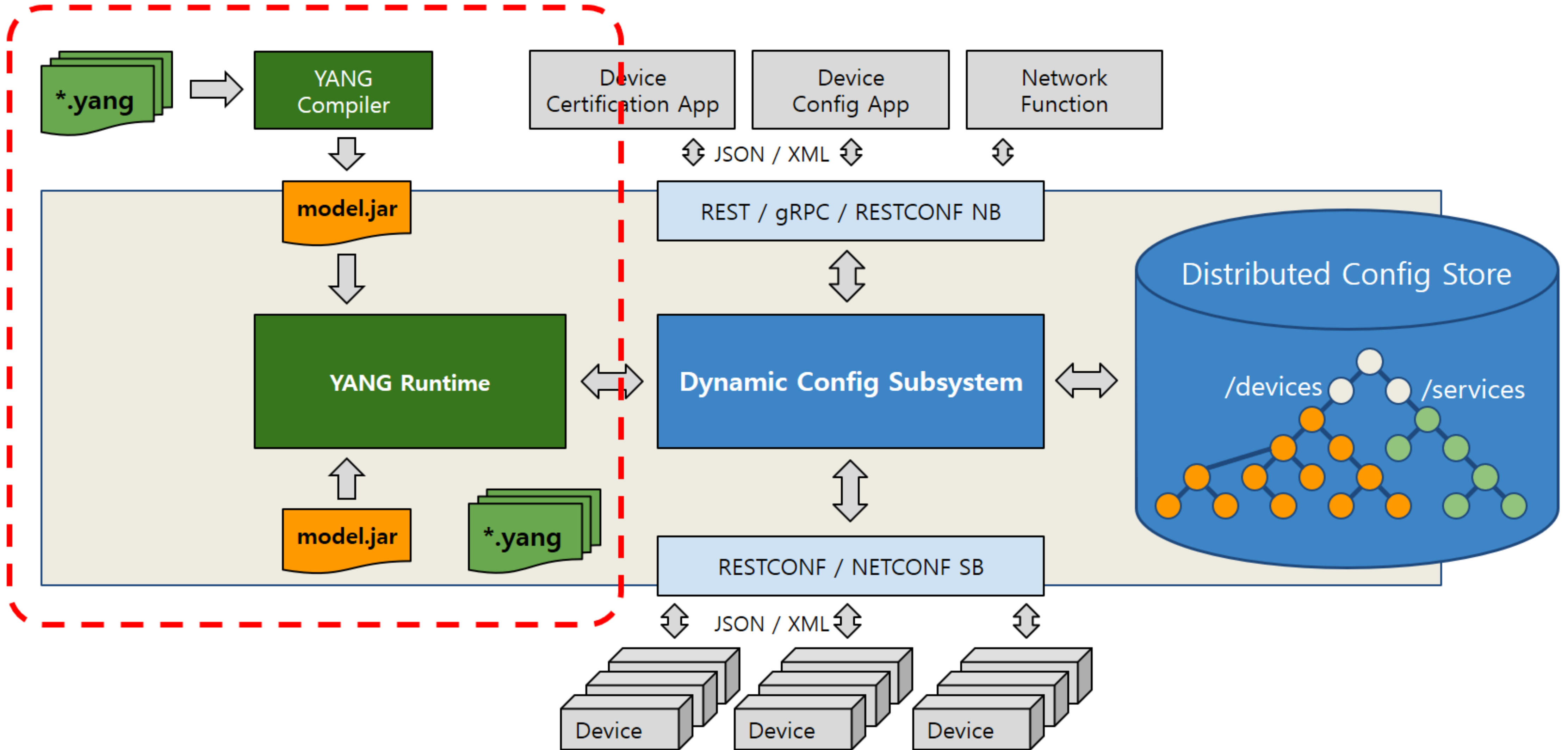
Why we need it? → Configuration is still critical

- Dynamic (re)configuration continues to be critical
 - networks **still** need to be **managed and configured**
 - if nothing else, configured to be controlled
- Configuration even more important in brown-fields
 - devices may **expose** only **limited control capabilities**
- Operators want to **create & sell customized services**
 - do this with agility and **minimal human intervention**
 - create **automated ways** to instantiate such network services
 - services comprise both configuration & control

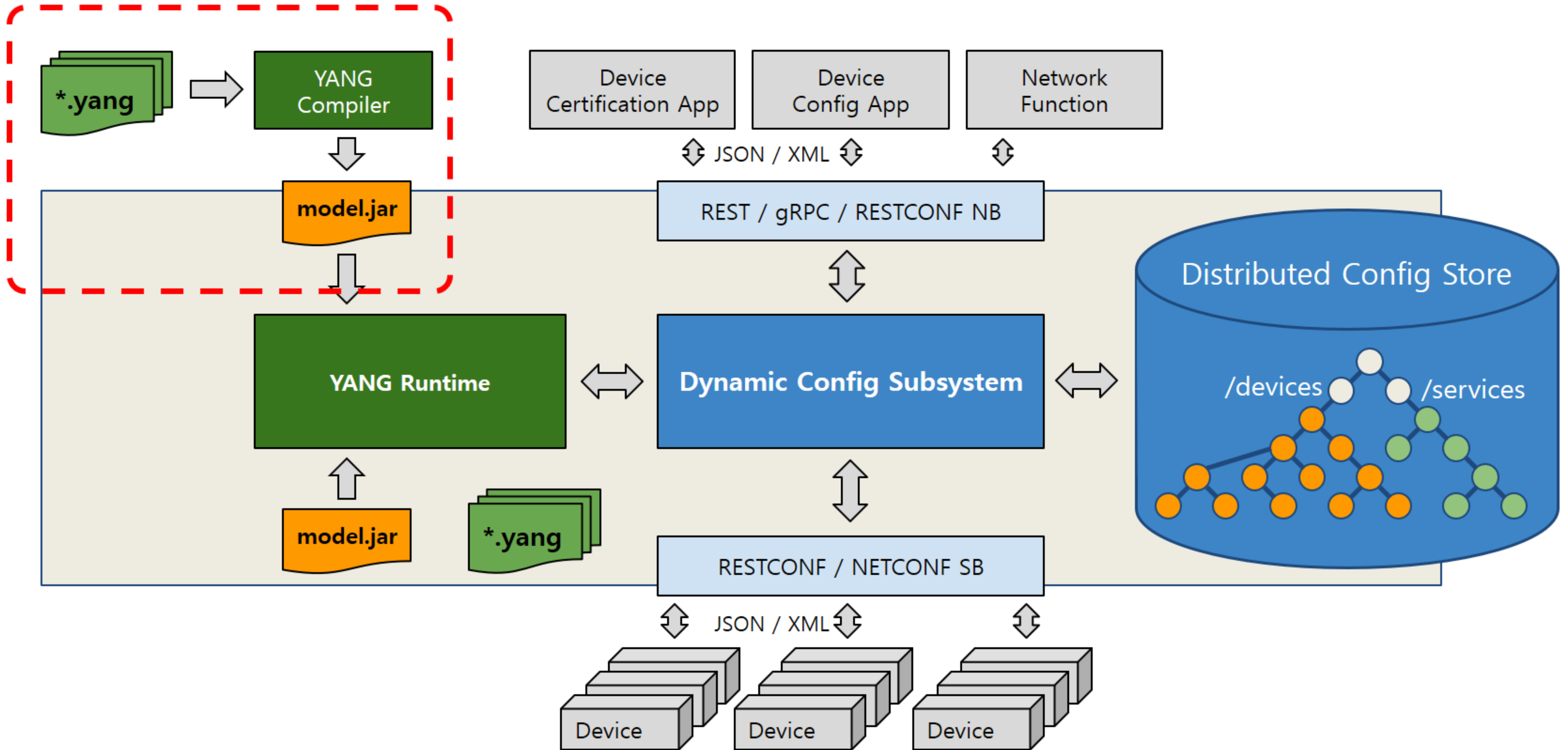
Dynamic Configuration & YANG



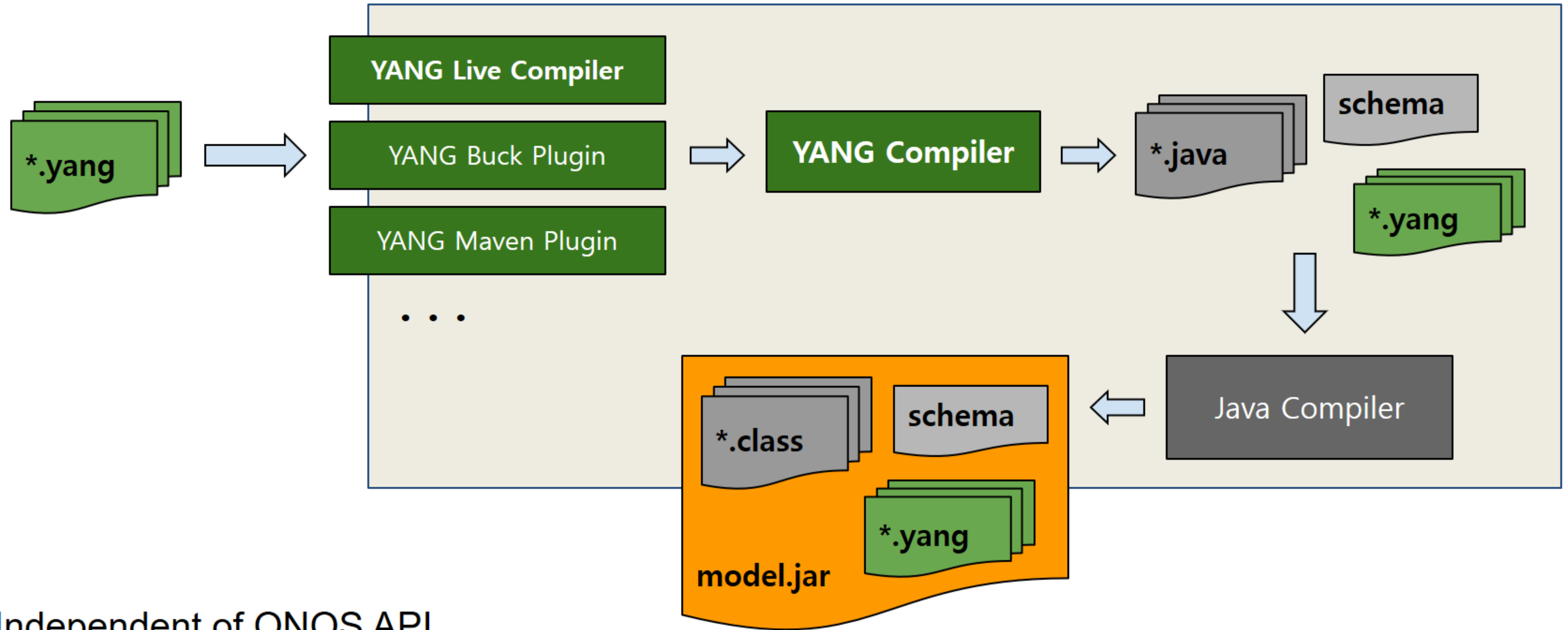
Dynamic Configuration & YANG



Dynamic Configuration & YANG

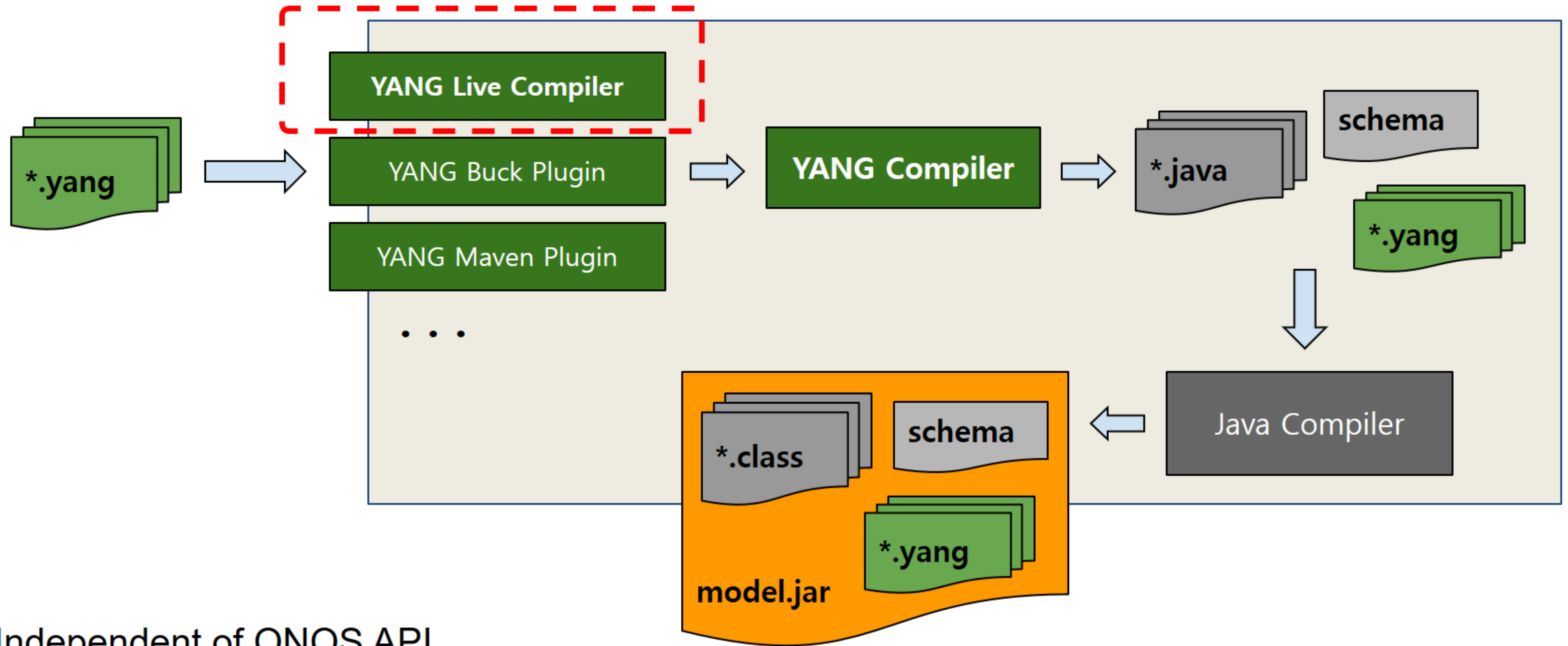


YANG Runtime - compile



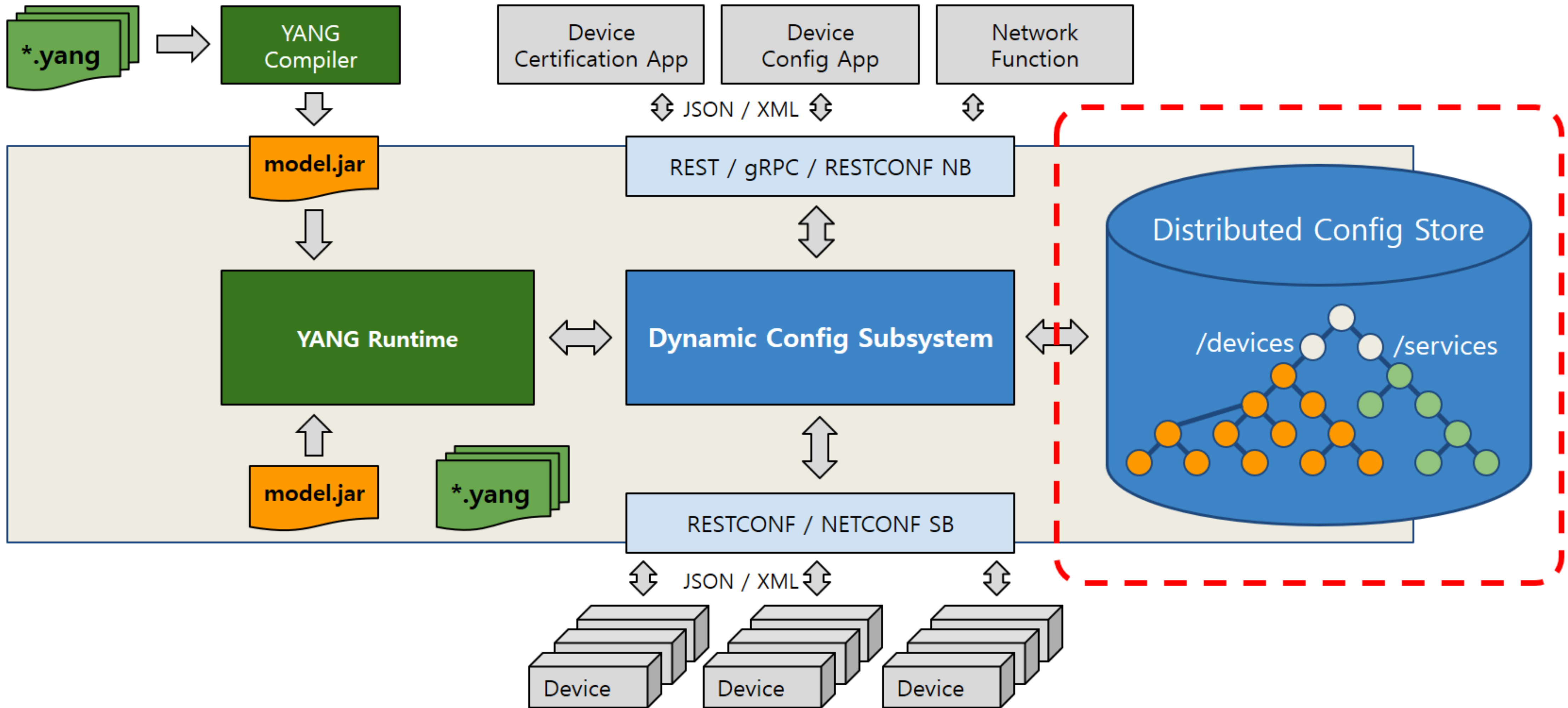
- ✓ Independent of ONOS API
- ✓ Supports model-agnostic data traversal
- ✓ Generates schema for run-time validation and encoding/decoding
- ✓ Generates model-specific rich data types

YANG Runtime - compile



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Dynamic Configuration & YANG

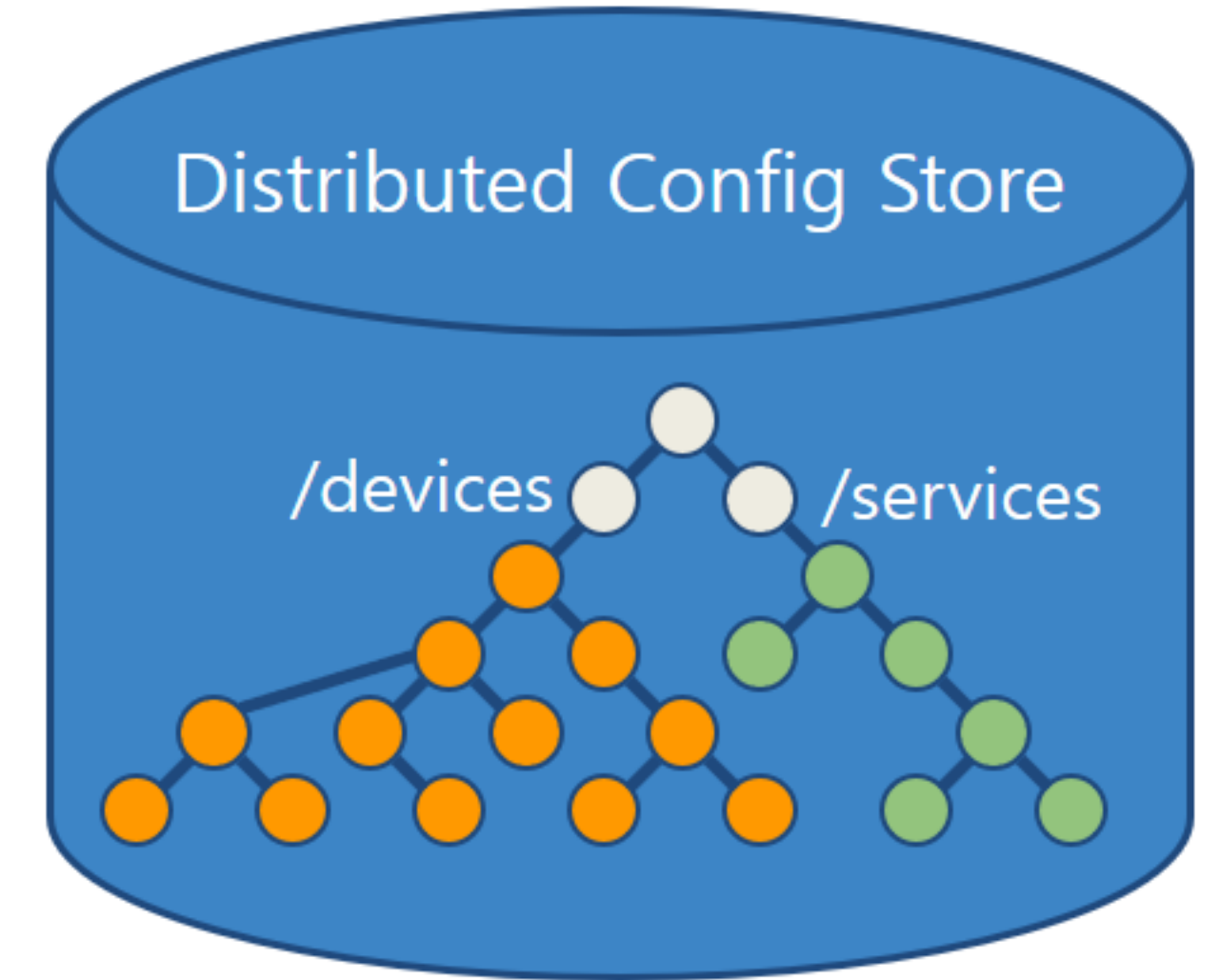


Dynamic Configuration & YANG

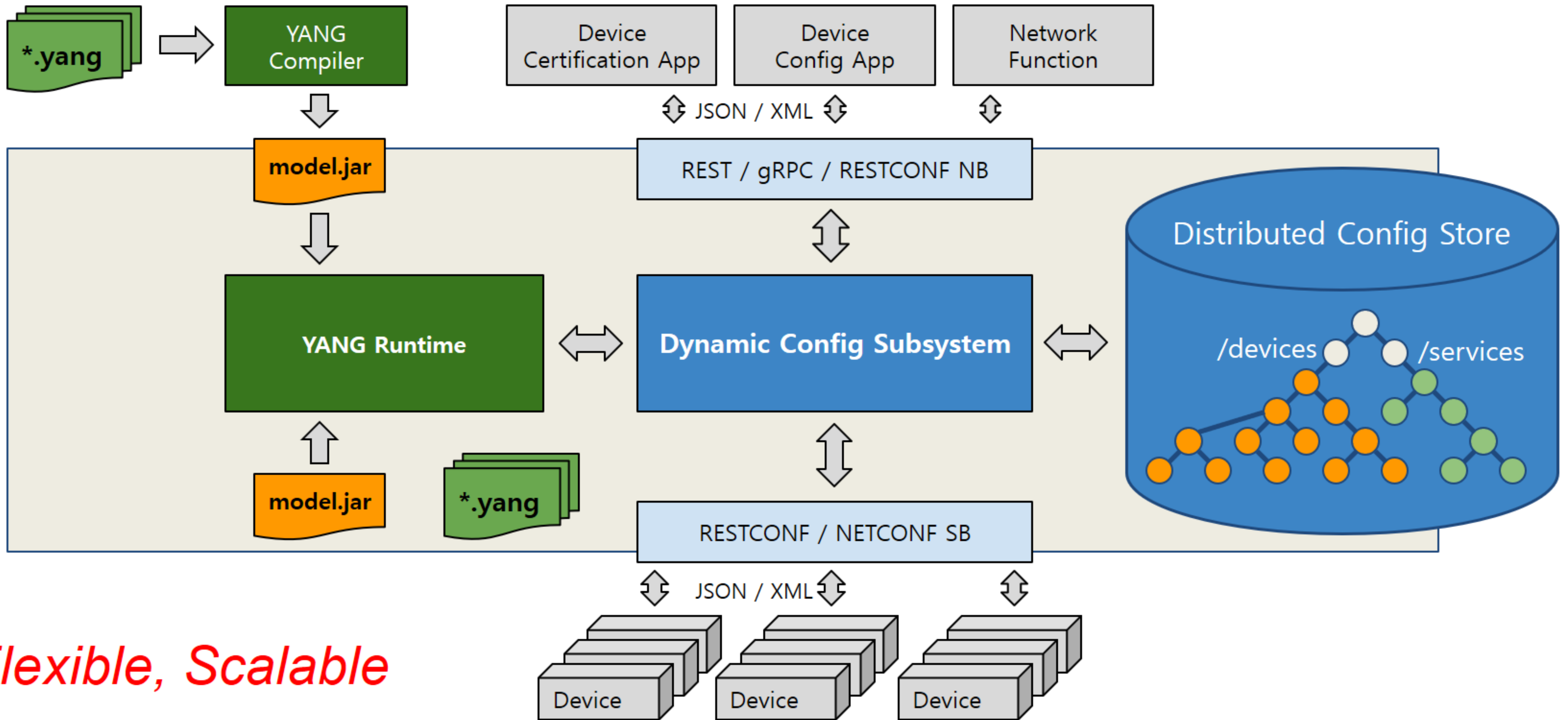


What does the Store look like? → a Tree

- Now, ONOS Dynamic Configuration **Store**
 - implemented as a **fully-expanded tree**
 - holds both **configuration** data and **operational** state
 - holds both **service** and **device** configurations
- Scalability challenge for **large** networks
 - requires **partitioning** and **extensive optimizations** to scale
 - partitions **replicated** to maintain performance & high-availability
 - E.g. addressing meta-information is disproportionately sized
 - **high flexibility** from Tree carries a fairly **heavy tax**
- Future, **considering** alternate approach for the long-term solution
 - easier to scale, provide a reasonable level of flexibility and adaptability to arbitrary models.



Dynamic Configuration & YANG





PI Framework

P4 Runtime support in ONOS

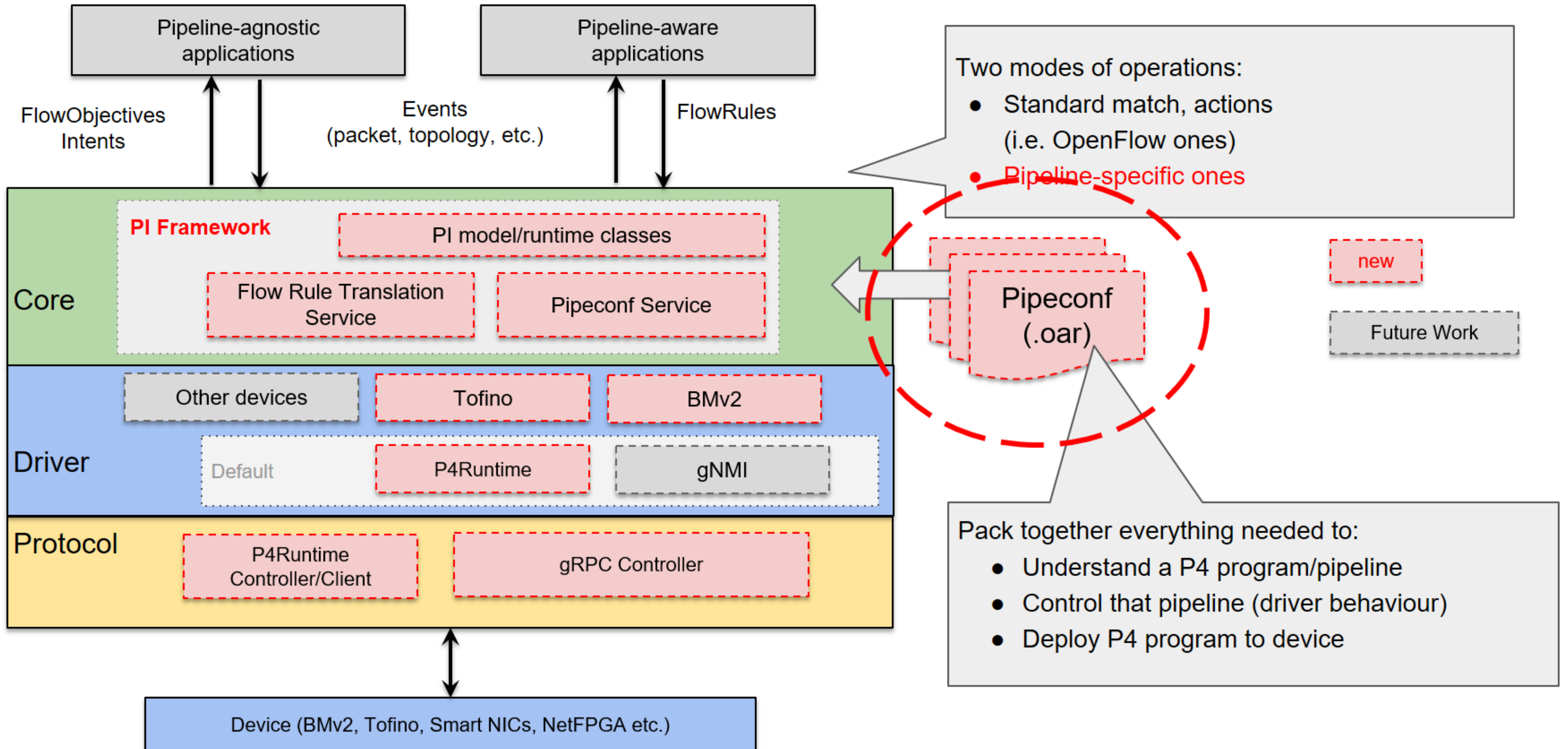


- How can we control and configure **programmable** devices?
- ONOS initially designed around OpenFlow **fixed-function** dataplane
 - NB abstractions morphed around OpenFlow (e.g. **same** match/actions)
 - **Immutable** pipeline
(e.g. In OF-DPA spec, Packet need to be processed by VLAN table **before** ACL table.)
- **Programmable**, such as P4:
 - Generalized forwarding abstraction (e.g. **arbitrary** match/actions)
 - **Mutable** pipeline (devices can support different pipelines in time)
- We want to combine *Fixed-function* with *Programmable* ...



- PI = **protocol / program / pipeline** independent
- Modelled around P4 and PSA
 - Portable Switch Architecture(PSA), like OpenFlow Table Type Patterns(TTP)
- Include classes, services, and driver behaviours to model and control programmable data planes
 - Classes **starting with Pi***, e.g. PiPipeconf, PiTableEntry, etc.
- Define **abstract** table entries, counters, etc.

P4 in ONOS - PI Architecture





- Provided to ONOS as an application (.oar)
- Pack together necessary **data and code** to let ONOS:
 - Understand, control, and deploy an arbitrary pipeline

Pipeconf
(.oar)

1. Pipeline model

- Pipeline entities description (i.e. parsed P4 program) (e.g. models of tables, counters, meters, etc.)

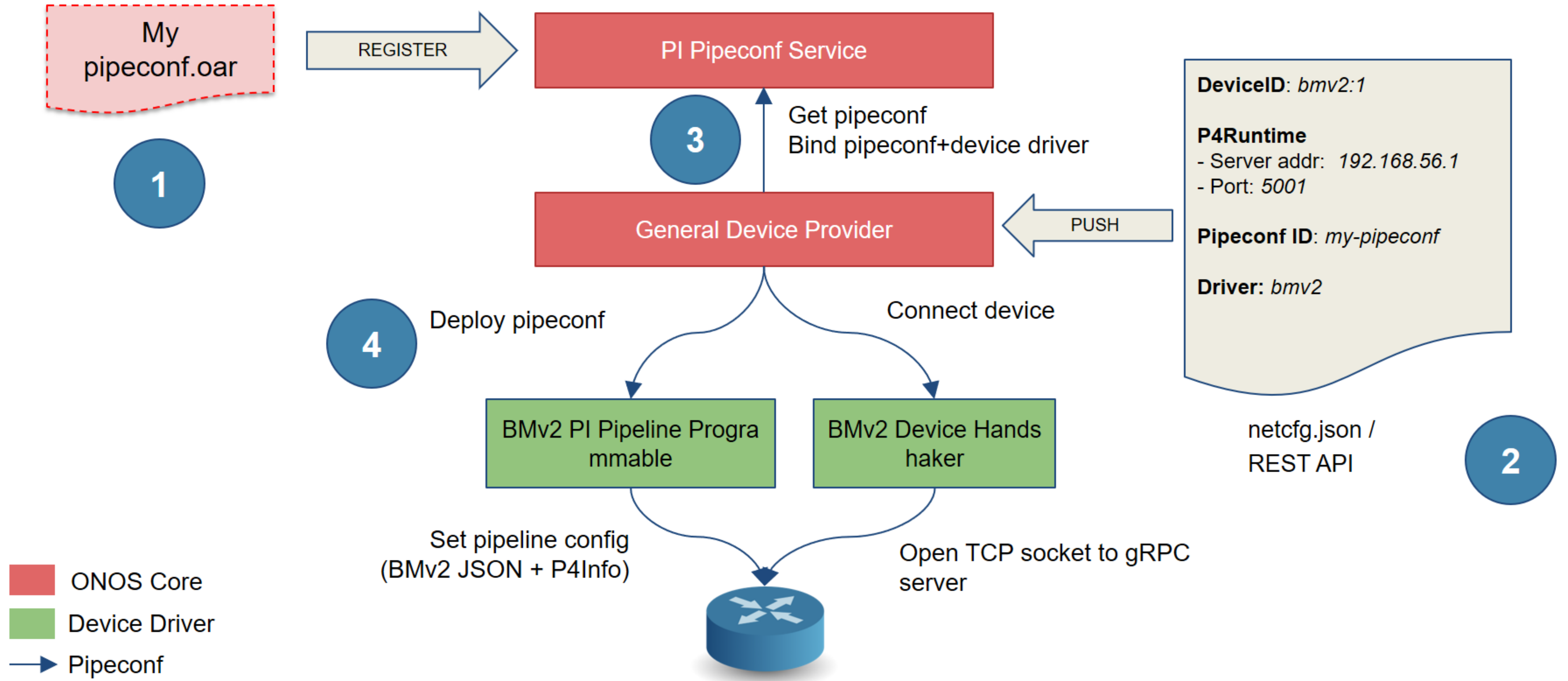
2. Driver behaviors (pipeline-specific)

- E.g. Pipeline's **Interpreter** (as a parser/translator),
- E.g. optional FlowObjective's **Pipeliner**, optional **PortStatisticsDiscovery** (driver behaviour), etc.

3. Target-specific extensions

- E.g. BMv2 JSON, Tofino binary, **P4Info**
(P4Info, needed for P4Runtime's **integer ID <=> name** mapping)

P4 in ONOS - Device Discovery

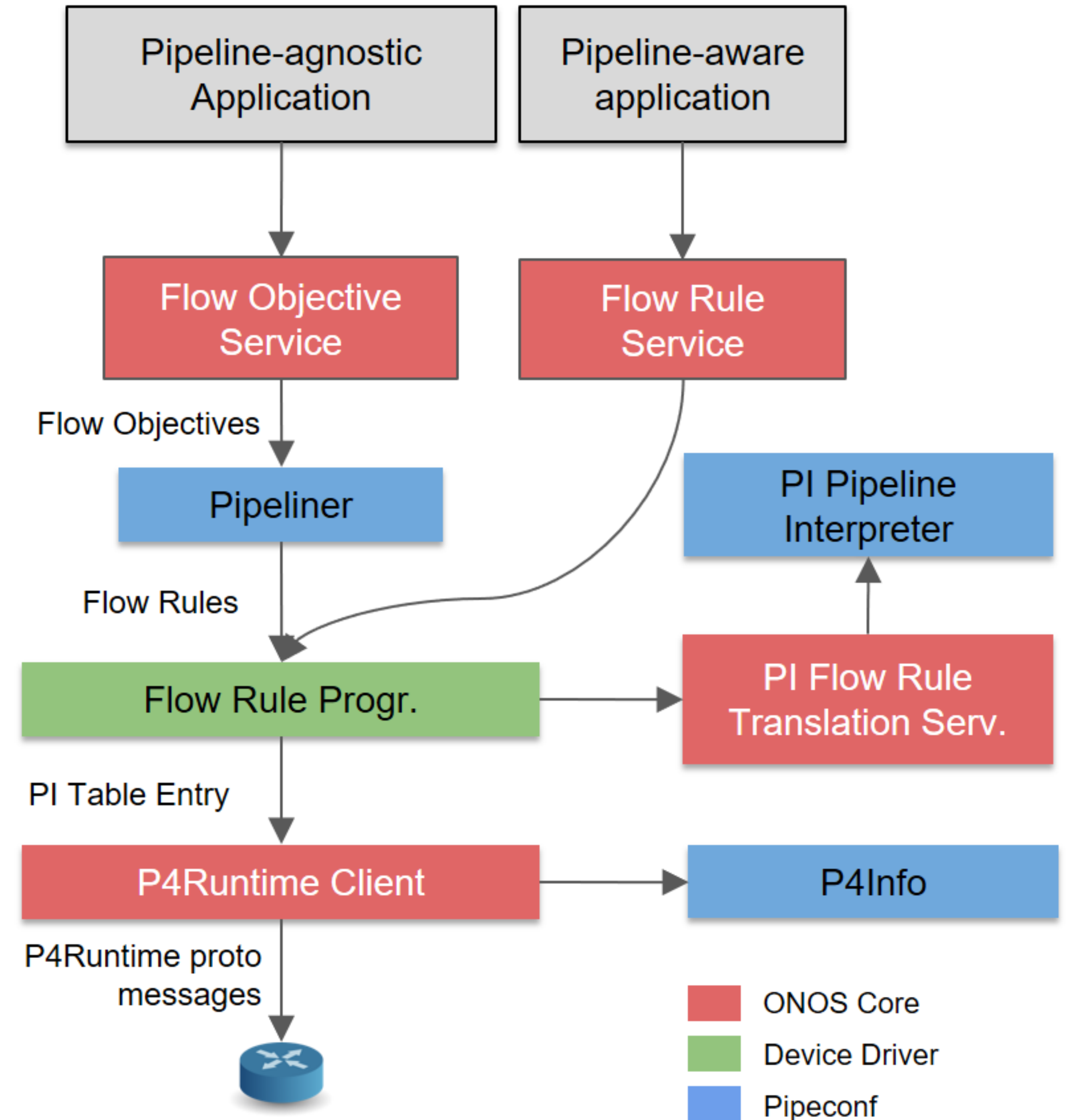


P4 in ONOS - Flow Operations



Pipeconf-based 3 phase translation:

- Pipeliner
 - Flow Objective → Flow Rule
- **Interpreter**
 - **Flow Rule → PI Table Entry**
- P4Info
 - PI Table Entry → P4Runtime msg



P4 in ONOS - Packet In/Out Operations



Similar to OpenFlow Packet-in/out Message

Packet-in:

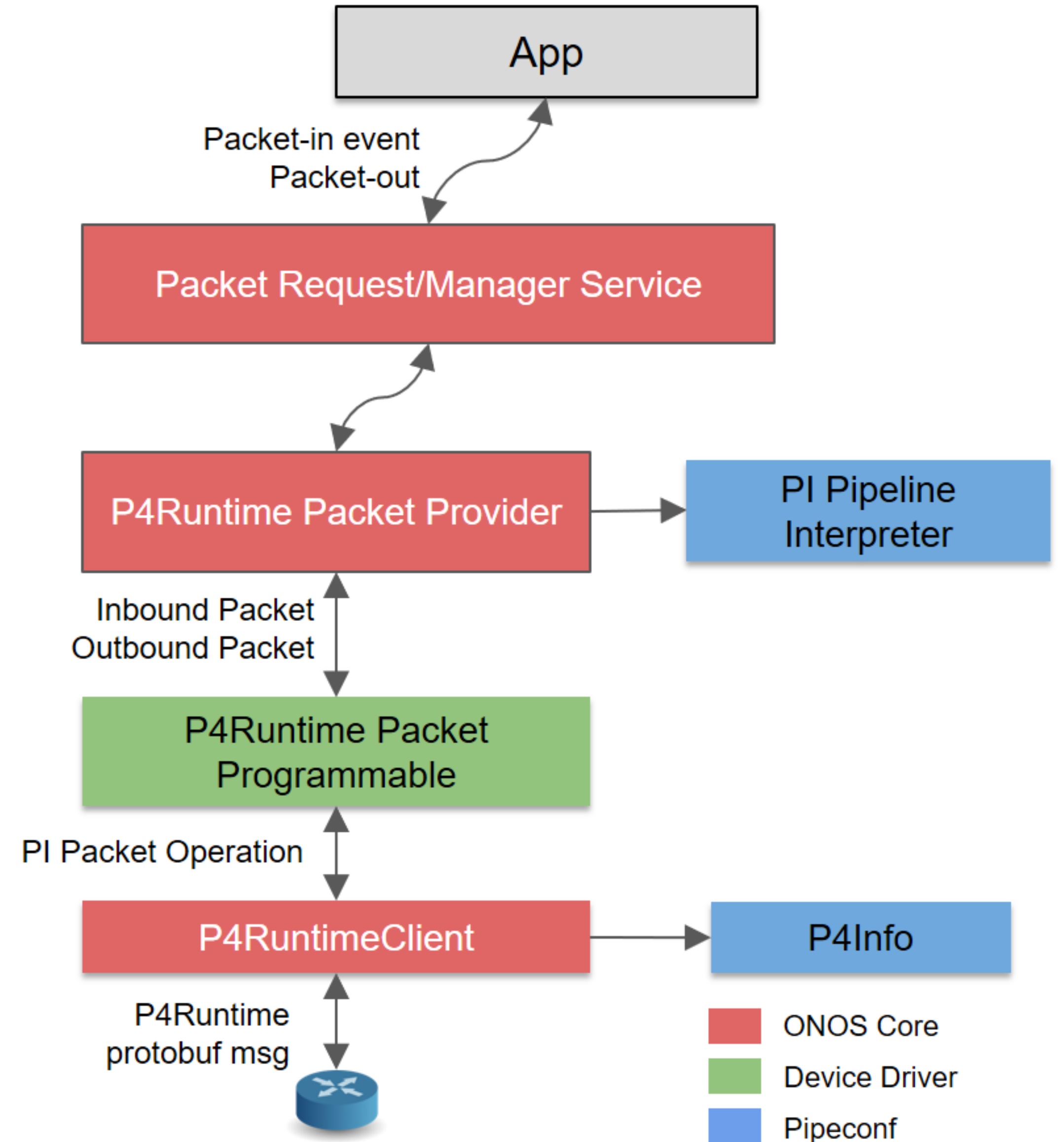
packet received at a switch port encapsulated and sent to the controller.

Packet-out:

packet generated at the controller sent through a switch port.

With P4,
encapsulation format defined by programmer

→ *Need Interpreter !*



P4 in ONOS - Workflow Review



1. **Write P4 program**
 - If you need, define SDN-like behaviours (packet-in/out, headers, tables, actions)
 2. **Compile it**
 - Get P4Info, BMv2's JSON / Tofino's binary
 3. **Write & Compile & Assemble Pipeconf application**
 - Pipeline model (e.g. BMv2 JSON)
 - Pipeline-specific driver behaviours:
 - **Interpreter**
 - **Pipeliner** (if you need Flow Objectives)
 - Any other behaviours that depends on the pipeline (e.g. **PortStatisticsDiscovery**)
 - Target-specific extensions
 - P4Info, BMv2 JSON, Tofino binary, etc.
 4. Write your own **pipeline-aware application** or use **existing pipeline-agnostic apps**
 5. **Deploy & Enjoy!**
-



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&
contribute your code and project !*

Wiki 空间 人员 创

ONOS ☆

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Thank you

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